# MATHEMATISCHES INSTITUT DER UNIVERSITÄT ZU KÖLN

Prof. Dr. R. Seydel Dipl.-Wirt-math. A. Schröter



Summer 2012 June, 27th

## Computational Finance - 11th Assignment

Deadline: July, 4th

### Exercise 41 (Stability of the Fully Implicit Method)

(4 points)

The backward-difference method is defined via the solution of the equation

$$A_{\text{impl}} w^{(\nu)} = w^{(\nu-1)} \text{ with } A_{\text{impl}} = \text{tridiag}(-\lambda, 2\lambda + 1, -\lambda).$$

Prove the stability.

Hint: Use  $w^{(\nu)} = A_{\text{impl}}^{-1} w^{(\nu-1)}$ .

#### Exercise 42 (Front-Fixing for American Options)

(4+2 points)

Apply the transformation

$$\zeta := \frac{S}{S_{\mathbf{f}}(t)}, \quad y(\zeta, t) := V(S, t)$$

to the Black-Scholes equation.

a) Show

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\sigma^2}{2} \zeta^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \zeta^2} + \left[ (r - \delta) - \frac{1}{S_f} \frac{dS_f}{dt} \right] \zeta \frac{\partial y}{\partial \zeta} - ry = 0.$$

b) Set up the domain for  $(\zeta, t)$  and formulate the boundary conditions for an American call (Assume  $\delta > 0$ ).

#### Exercise 43 (Upwind Scheme)

(5 points)

Apply von Neumann's stability analysis to

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + a \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = b \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \quad b > 0$$

using the FTBS upwind scheme for the left-hand side and the centered second-order difference quotient for the right-hand side.