

Lyapunov functions and L^p -estimates for a class of reaction-diffusion systems

Dirk Horstmann *

Abstract

In this paper we give a sufficient condition for the existence of a Lyapunov function for the system

$$\left. \begin{aligned} a_t &= \nabla(k(a,c)\nabla a - h(a,c)\nabla c), & x \in \Omega, & t > 0 \\ \varepsilon c_t &= k_c \Delta c - f(c)c + g(a,c), & x \in \Omega, & t > 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (1)$$

for $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ completed with either $a = c = 0$, or

$$\frac{\partial a}{\partial n} = \frac{\partial c}{\partial n} = 0, \text{ or } k(a,c) \frac{\partial a}{\partial n} = h(a,c) \frac{\partial c}{\partial n}, \quad c = 0 \text{ on } \partial\Omega \times \{t > 0\}.$$

Furthermore we study the asymptotic behaviour of the solution and give some uniform L^p -estimates.

Keywords: Local existence of a solution, Lyapunov functions, asymptotic behaviour of the solution, uniform L^p -estimates

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*Mathematisches Institut der Universität zu Köln, Weyertal 86 - 90, D-50931 Köln, Email address: dhorst@mi.uni-koeln.de