

# From Calculus to Cohomology

## Homework 7

**Exercise 1.** Prove that a vector field  $X$  on  $M$  is smooth if and only if given any  $f \in C^\infty(M)$  the function  $Xf$  defined by  $Xf(p) = X|_p(f)$  is smooth.

**Exercise 2.**

Let  $\{(U_\alpha, \varphi_\alpha)\}$  be a differentiable structure on  $M$  and consider the maps

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi_\alpha: U_\alpha \times \mathbb{R}^n &\longrightarrow TM \\ (x, v) &\longmapsto (d\varphi_\alpha)_x(v) \in T_{\varphi_\alpha(x)}M.\end{aligned}$$

- Show that the family  $\{(U_\alpha \times \mathbb{R}^n, \Phi_\alpha)\}$  is a smooth atlas.
- Conclude that  $TM$  carries the structure of a differentiable manifold. What dimension has  $TM$ ?
- If  $f: M \rightarrow N$  is differentiable, then  $df: TM \rightarrow TN$  is also differentiable.

**Exercise 3.**

Exercise 9.10 (orthogonal group is a Lie group) from the book.

**Exercise 4.**

Recall that given a Riemannian metric  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$  on  $M$  we can associate to any  $f \in C^\infty(M)$  a smooth vector field  $grad f$  defined by

$$\forall p \in M \forall v \in T_p M \langle grad f|_p, v \rangle = df|_p(v).$$

Prove that if  $a$  is a regular value of  $f$  then  $grad f$  is normal to  $f^{-1}(a)$ , i.e.  $\langle grad f|_p, v \rangle = 0$  for all  $p \in f^{-1}(a)$ ,  $v \in T_p f^{-1}(a)$ .

For more about  $grad f$  you may want to look at Ex. 9.14 from the book.

**Suggested Exercise 1.** Exercises 8.5 and 9.13 (Klein bottle).

These exercises are to be discussed on Thursday December 7th.