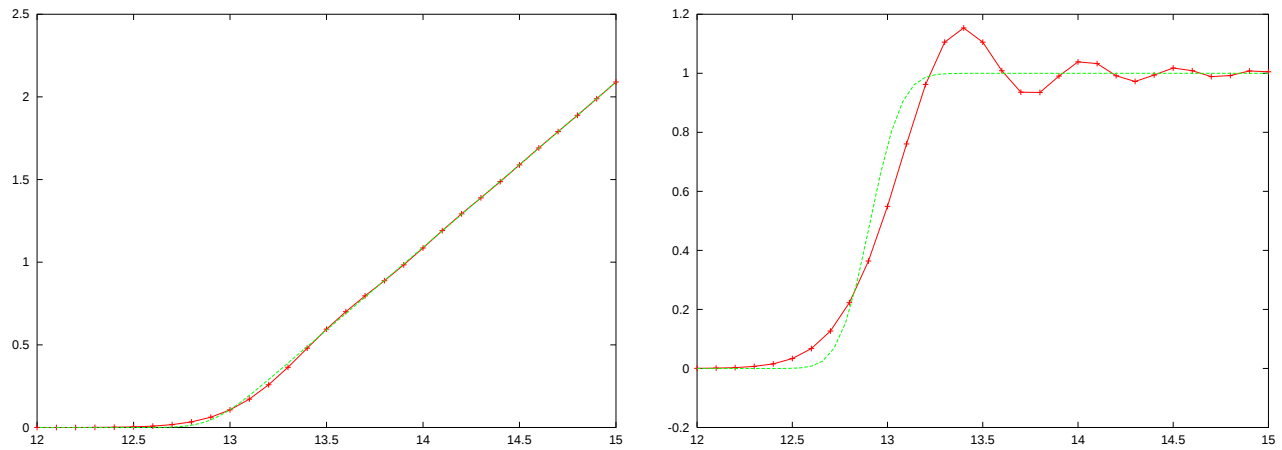
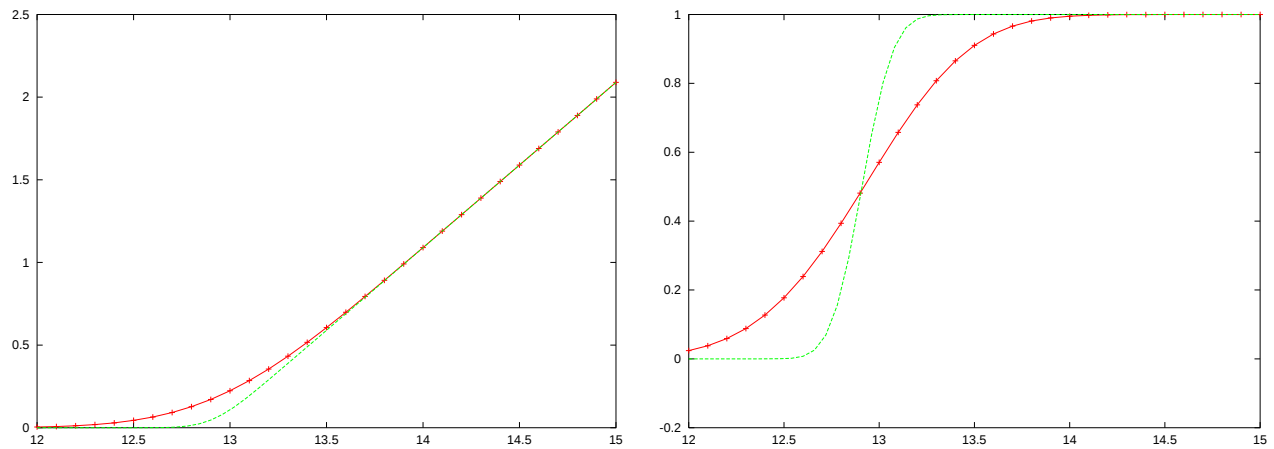


FTCS: links $V(S, 0)$, rechts $\Delta(S, 0)$ (gestrichelt: exakte Lösung)



FTBS / upwind: links $V(S, 0)$, rechts $\Delta(S, 0)$ (gestrichelt: exakte Lösung)



Lax-Wendroff für $u_t + (f(u))_x = 0$

$$w_{j+\frac{1}{2}, \nu+\frac{1}{2}} := \frac{1}{2}(w_{j\nu} + w_{j+1, \nu}) - \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta x} (f(w_{j+1, \nu}) - f(w_{j\nu}))$$

$$w_{j-\frac{1}{2}, \nu+\frac{1}{2}} := \frac{1}{2}(w_{j-1, \nu} + w_{j\nu}) - \frac{\Delta t}{2\Delta x} (f(w_{j\nu}) - f(w_{j-1, \nu}))$$

$$w_{j, \nu+1} := w_{j\nu} - \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta x} \left(f(w_{j+\frac{1}{2}, \nu+\frac{1}{2}}) - f(w_{j-\frac{1}{2}, \nu+\frac{1}{2}}) \right)$$

Für $u_t + au_x = 0$, für $a > 0$:

Mit $\delta_x^- w_{j\nu} := w_{j\nu} - w_{j-1, \nu}$ lautet das *upwind*-Schema

$$w_{j, \nu+1} = w_{j\nu} - \gamma \delta_x^- w_{j\nu} , \quad \gamma = \frac{a\Delta t}{\Delta x}$$

und Lax-Wendroff

$$w_{j, \nu+1} = w_{j\nu} - \gamma \delta_x^- w_{j\nu} - \delta_x^- \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \gamma (1 - \gamma) (w_{j+1, \nu} - w_{j\nu}) \right\}$$